Expenditure on highways and rural roads in the year ended Mar. 31, 1967, totalled \$1,392,643,000, an amount 10.9 p.c. higher than that for the previous fiscal year; construction expenditures increased by 11.2 p.c. and maintenance costs by 8.4 p.c.

2Construction,	Maintenance	and	General	Expenditure	on	Highways,	Rural	Roads,
Bridge	s and Ferries,	by Pr	ovince, Y	ears Ended M	ar. 3	31, 1966 and 1	1967	

Item and Province or Territory	1966	1967	Item and Province or Territory	1966	1967
	\$'000	\$'000		\$'000	\$'000
Construction	884,394	983.688	Administration and General <sup>1</sup>	64,121	75,525
Newfoundland	43,802	26.248	Newfoundland	744	754
Prince Edward Island	8,108	10,629	Prince Edward Island	284	352
Nova Scotia	28,744	44,993	Nova Scotia	2,303	2,471
New Brunswick	30,555	36,988	New Brunswick	2,561	2,428
Quebec.	295,129	298,913	Quebec	8,975	10,270
Ontario	245,036	264,987	Ontario	33,980	42,528
Manitoba.	37,082	39,039	Manitoba		2,838
Saskatchewan	49,024	78,976	Saskatchewan	4,493	5,739
Alberto	63,971	86,098	Alberta	941	968
Alberta British Columbia		87,344	British Columbia.	6.091	5,953
	76,601	81,344	Yukon and Northwest Terri-		0,000
Yukon and Northwest Terri-	0.040	0 470		969	1.054
tories	6,343	9,473	tories	909	1,004
Maintenance	307,553	333, 130	Totals	1,256,068	1,392,643
Newfoundland	11,981	11,607			
Prince Edward Island	2,786	3,497	1		1
Nova Scotia.	13,958	16,921	Contents and the second second		
New Brunswick	13,496	13,940	Distribution of Expenditure-		
Quebec	87,188	89,014	Contraction of the second second	2000/02/02/04	TRACK MARKED
Ontario	81,279	94,104	Federal	144,733	179,402
Manitoba	9,915	11,790		a second and	an anna <sup>6</sup> anna
Saskatchewan	15,203	13,386	Provincial	1,006,231	1,101,055
Alberta	27,541	29,205			
British Columbia.	35,921	40,341	Municipal	98,388	106,752
Yukon and Northwest Terri-	00,001	10,011			100000000
tories	8,284	9,626	Other	6,717	5,433

Includes federal administrative costs re Trans-Canada Highway amounting to \$190,000 in 1965-66 and \$170,000 in 1966-67.

Federal-Provincial Road Assistance Programs.—There are various programs existing between the Federal Government and the provinces relating to highway and road construction, the co-ordination of which is the responsibility of the federal Minister of Transport who reports to Parliament on federal road policy. When major programs of assistance have been decided upon, their implementation is undertaken either by the Department of Public Works or by the sponsoring Department.

The Trans-Canada Highway.—The original federal-provincial agreement for construction of the Trans-Canada Highway is given in outline, together with data on specifications and route across the participating provinces, in the 1951 Year Book, pp. 631-634. Construction progress and changes in legislation are reported in subsequent editions.

Under the Act, which became effective Dec. 10, 1949, agreements covering the Federal Government's participation in the cost of construction were entered into with each of the provinces. Construction standards were set and the date of completion fixed. The shortest practicable east-west route was to be designated by each province within its own borders, in agreement on terminal points with adjoining provinces, and those sections within the National Parks were to be the responsibility of the Federal Government. Later amendments to the Act increased the extent of federal financial participation and extended the period in which construction costs might be incurred under the Act to Dec. 31, 1970.

Although construction was still going on in a number of sections, the closing in 1962 of the last major gap—in the Rocky Mountains—made it possible for the first time to drive the entire length of the 4,860-mile route. The Trans-Canada Highway was officially opened on Sept. 3, 1962. Provincial mileages are approximately as follows: Newfoundland,